

ACCURACY, PURITY AND SUPERIOR WORKMANSHIP  
Are indicated every time "The Camel"  
label is on your medicine.  
CAMPBELL'S  
Prescription Store.  
Cor. Fort & Douglas  
Look for the sign of  
the Camel.

# The Daily Colonist

VOL. XCIV. NO. 46

VICTORIA, BRITISH COLUMBIA, FRIDAY, AUGUST 4, 1905.

FORTY-SEVENTH YEAR.

## DIAMOND RINGS....

In our three stone and five stone rings the diamonds match perfectly—both as to size and brilliancy.

Only our extensive stock of stones renders this perfection in quality possible.

We are showing some very fine single stones of exceptionally good value.

**Challoner & Mitchell**

DIAMOND MERCHANTS

47 Government Street, Victoria, B. C.

## Quality Unsurpassed!

### Prices Always Moderate

GRANULATED SUGAR, per sack	\$1.25
ROYAL HOUSEHOLD FLOUR, per sack	1.60
DIXI PASTRY FLOUR, per sack	1.40
GOVERNMENT CREAMERY BUTTER, per lb.	.25
CHILLIWACK CREAMERY BUTTER, per lb.	.30
VICTORIA CREAMERY BUTTER, per lb.	.35
COWICHAN CREAMERY BUTTER, per lb.	.35

**DIXI H. ROSS & CO.,**

CASH GROCERS

**YOUR HOUSE NEEDS IT**  
**BUT**  
**YOUR POCKET CRIES HOLD!!**  
**OUR**  
**INSTALLMENT PLAN**  
**MEETS THE SITUATION**

We paint your home; best materials only. You pay in small monthly installments. The house looks better and wears better.

YOUR POCKET DOES NOT FEEL THE HEAVY DRAG OF A SPOT CASH PAYMENT

Call and Talk It Over

**Melrose Co., Ltd., 40 & 78 Fort Street**

A. D. 107.

## WHITE SWAN SOAP

### Singer Sewing Machine

Given Away.

AS YOUR GROCER

ALL ABOUT IT

A. D. 112

We don't ask you to pay Long Credit Prices for your

## PAINTING

You can get your Painting done at lowest possible price compatible with good material and workmanship.

**MELLOR BROS., LIMITED,**  
'PHONE 812.  
70 FORT STREET.

## TOMATOES

Canadian Canned 3's.

Price Advanced 15 cents Dozen.

Further Advance Expected.

R. P. RITHET & CO., LTD

**CHOICE** JOSEPH TETLEY & CO. ABSOLUTE PURE TEAS TRADE MARK  
SOLD BY ALL GROCERS  
THE HUDSON'S BAY CO., DISTRIBUTING AGENTS

## B. & K. ROLLED OATS

"Should Auld Acquaintance be Forgot."

## Position Of Tyee Mine

### Proceedings at Sixth Ordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders.

### Dividends Deferred Until the Discovery of a Fresh Ore Body.

### Two New Directors Are Named —The Last Financial Statement.

THE sixth ordinary general meeting of the shareholders of the Tyee Copper Company, Limited, was held on July 18 at Cannon Street Hotel, London, Eng. Mr. T. H. Wilson, chairman of the company, presiding.

The secretary (Mr. W. Gardner) having read the notice convening the meeting and the report of the auditors.

The chairman said: Gentlemen—Before moving the adoption of the accounts, you will doubtless expect from me a few remarks on the several accounts. As promised you last year, we have given you a short revenue account, which explains fully how the money earned has been disposed of. I will take the accounts in the order they appear in the report. On the debit side of the profit and loss account the amounts are given in detail, so that any remarks would be superfluous, except the charge at the bottom of the page—difference in exchange, £1,194 ss 1d. This arises from the fact that at home we always reckon the dollars at 4½ d. whereas it varies continually and has to be put right at the end of each year. On the credit side everything speaks for itself, but of course I shall be very pleased to answer any questions afterwards. The first two items in the revenue account refer to dividends paid, the one of 5 per cent, being on account of the year ending April, 1904, and the other the interim dividend paid in December, 1904. The amount of £11,062 6s 6d has been placed to reserve, as agreed in July, 1903. The next item of £6,760 ss 6d is placed on deposit at our bankers, and is to be used for the replacement of the mine, but not for dividends. The amount written off plant, mine and smelter is £9,937 7s. This is the amount spent upon new buildings, machinery, etc., but as we have no spare capital, your directors felt that the best way to deal with it was to write it off. With regard to income tax, this is divided over three years as to payment, but must be paid for. On the credit side there is one item of £836 1s 10d. This is the interest received from the reserve fund investments and is credited to that fund. I now come to the balance sheet. Sundry creditors have all been paid, with the exception of the income tax. On the credit side everything is so plain that I feel to take each item separately would be wasting your valuable time. The item sundry debtors is chiefly due on matte sales, by this time duly received. When addressing you last year I expressed the hope that new ore bodies would be discovered before we met again. I regret such has not taken place. Although much development work has been done, success has not up to the present time crowned our efforts, but it is fully believed by those of us who have been engaged in the work that the matter will be settled, but not least, is the matter of dividend. Your board feels that the shareholders will be greatly disappointed at their decision not to recommend the payment of further dividends until a fresh body of ore is cut and proved. (Hear, hear.) But they hope that they will soon be able to resume and pay periodically that which we all desire. I have now much pleasure in moving the adoption of the report and accounts.

Mr. J. A. D. Hancke seconded the motion. Mr. E. B. Livingston thirded the motion. Statement on Behalf of the Retiring Directors

Mr. E. B. Livingston said: I should like to be allowed to make a statement in reference to Mr. Hodges and myself not seeking re-election as the wording of the paragraph in the document given us very misleading ideas as to the true facts of the case. Shareholders from reading it might imagine that we were either retiring from the company because we had no further faith in its success or that we had committed some fault which had compelled our colleagues to get rid of us. I beg to inform you that we were willing to offer ourselves for re-election, but that we have been forced off the board against our wish. I should explain that Mr. Loeffler is the largest shareholder in the company, and that his holding has recently been considerably increased. Still he does not even now own the majority of the stock capital and interest hitherto has been fairly represented on the board by his two nominees, Mr. Hancke and Mr. Straube, who hold respectively 500 and 400 shares. I will not characterize in terms—the what shall I call it—manoeuvre by which Mr. Hodges and myself have been forced off the board by Mr. Loeffler's nominees. I will simply give you the bare facts, and you shall form your own opinions. Up to the very last moment not a whisper was breathed by Mr. Loeffler's nominees on the board, with whom we were working on amicable terms, against our re-election. At the meeting held on Friday, the 30th June, when the audited accounts were

### JAPANESE NEW LOAN.

New York, Aug. 3.—An installment of 5 per cent, due on the last Japanese loan was paid today. In a great number of instances subscribers availed themselves of the privilege rendered by the managing syndicate to pay the full amount of their subscriptions.

### SAVINGS BANK SUSPENDS Institution in Paris Temporarily Closes Its Doors.

Paris, Aug. 3.—A notice was posted today announcing the temporary suspension of payments by the savings bank connected with the Printemps, one of the largest department stores in Paris. The announcement has caused great excitement.

### EMBARGO ON AMERICANS.

Promise That Tax on Eastern Anglers Will Be Removed.

Watertown, N. Y., Aug. 3.—At the annual meeting of the St. Lawrence River Anglers' Association, held at Alexandria Bay yesterday, Hon. Geo. Taylor, member of the Canadian parliament, promised the abolition of the present embargo on American fishermen in Canadian waters whereby a licence of \$5 per rod is required. The following officers were elected: President, C. R. Skinner, Watertown; treasurer, R. P. Grant, Clayton; secretary, W. H. Thompson, Alexandria Bay.

### MIRACULOUS ESCAPE.

Train Goes Over Embankment and Only One Passenger Is Killed.

Johnstown, Pa., Aug. 3.—The morning train from Rockwood to Johnstown over the Baltimore & Ohio railroad was wrecked today between Bonneville and Founswell, seven miles from this city. One man was fatally injured, another probably so, and half a dozen others were badly hurt that they had to be taken to the hospital. That the forty passengers on the train escaped death is little short of a miracle. Thrown from the track by a broken rail, the only car to roll down the steep embankment was the baggage coach, which went tumbling over and over and finally landed in the creek. The smoker and day coach, well filled, went only part way down the embankment, the second coach being held up by a telegraph pole on the brink of the embankment.

### Two Missions Will Meet.

Mr. Peirce, on leaving the Syrah, will board the Mayflower and will await the arrival of the President. The President will board the Mayflower about 1 o'clock. He will be given the Presidential salute of 21 guns from all the vessels in the harbor, and as soon as his flag is hoisted on the Mayflower the Japanese plenipotentiaries will come on board from the Tacoma and be presented to the President by Assistant Secretary Peirce. Half an hour later the Keishi, which will pass the Tacoma and the Mayflower taking position at the front of the column.

Arriving at Oyster Bay about noon, the squadron will anchor. Its arrival being heralded by the firing of an anti-ship gun, the Mayflower and Dolphin, which will be in waiting to convey the plenipotentiaries to Portmouth.

### News of the Federal Capital.

### W. C. Permelee to Retire After Long and Faithful Service.

### Senators Did Not Sign the Round-robin Asking More Pay.

From Our Own Correspondent.

O TAWA, Aug. 3.—W. C. Permelee, who has been in the public service for thirty years and deputy minister of trade and commerce for the past twelve years, is to be superannuated in the near future. Frank O'Hara, chief clerk in the department, and nephew of Sir Richard Cartwright, will succeed him.

The department of trade and commerce has received a report from A. McLean, commercial agent for Canada in Japan, which shows that the exports for the first half of the present year amounted to \$71,369,000, and the imports to \$143,223,000. The great excess of imports is unprecedented in the history of the country and is due in a large measure to the purchase of war supplies. The exports for the half year, notwithstanding the tremendous importations, increased by \$2,500,000.

Senator W. J. Macdonald, in a letter to a local paper, denies that a single senator signed the round robin asking for an increase in the sessional indemnity.

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St. Petersburg, Aug. 3.—The newspapers state that a \$15,000,000 contract for the equipment of fourteen St. Petersburg street car lines with electricity will be awarded shortly.

### FOUR CHILDREN DROWNED.

Fatal Result of Playfully Rocking Small Boat at Picnic.

Camden, N. J., Aug. 3.—Four children members of an excursion party, were drowned today in a lake at Glenrock, N. J. They had gone boating on the lake, and one of the party rocked the boat, upsetting it. Two other children were rescued.

### JURY'S QUICK ACTION.

Texas Men Take Three Minutes to Find Verdict of Death.

Waco, Texas, Aug. 3.—The jury in the case of Hank Majors, a young negro charged with criminal assault, today returned a verdict of guilty and placed the punishment at death. The jury was out just three minutes.

### GREAT BRITAIN AND GERMANY.

Probable That King Edward and Emperor William Will Meet.

Berlin, Aug. 3.—No confirmation is obtainable tonight of the report that a meeting has been arranged between Emperor William and King Edward, but the news is regarded by the press as probably true, as it is assumed that both rulers are anxious to assuage the enmity between the two peoples.

The Moscow Gazette, an apostle of the uncompromising section, declares that the despatch of M. Witte to the United States is a disgrace, and holds that the only concession Russia can make is to demand no indemnity from Japan, "and no peace until defeat and retribution have overtaken the enemy."

The boulevard sheet, the Gazette, predicts a general European alliance, headed by Russia, Germany and France, to preserve the peace of the world, and to restrain Japanese preponderance in the Far East, and to prevent Great Britain interfering in the affairs of the Continent.

### INUNDATIONS IN KOREA.

Greatest Floods in Three Years in the North.

London, Aug. 3.—Despatches from Tokio give confirmatory evidence from the Japanese of the great strength of the Russian force and their continual reinforcement, especially in northern Korea. Reports from the same source indicate that the greatest inundation in three years has occurred in northern Korea. The bridges over the Tumen have been destroyed and the roads are impassable.

London, Aug. 3.—The heaviest and the most frequent rain since the Russians, who have been holding semi-permanent works south of the river, have been cut off from Vladivostok and are unable to retreat.

NATIONAL LEAD COMPANY.

Trenton, N. J., Aug. 3.—The National Lead Company filed a certificate in the office of the Secretary of State increasing its capital stock from \$3,000,000 to \$5,000,000.

MRS. CHADWICK'S DEBTS.

Receiver Reports Total Dividend of Seven Millions on Dollar.

Clydebank, O., Aug. 3.—Creditors of Mrs. Jessie L. Chadwick will receive a dividend of four million on the dollar when the matter is finally settled according to the referee in bankruptcy, Mr. Remington. The assets will amount to \$25,000,000. It is expected against which there are claims for attorneys' fees and court costs amounting to \$10,300, leaving about \$14,500 with which to meet \$2,000,000 indebtedness.

COAL.

### THIRTY REPORTED KILLED.

Large Mortality Said to Have Been Caused by Explosion.

Kingston, N. Y., Aug. 3.—It is reported here that a number of men, said to be thirty or more, were killed by an explosion at Esopus today. No details of the accident have been received, and the number of men said to have been killed has not been confirmed.

### ORDER OF FORESTERS.

Plan to Acquire Northwest Lands Is Approved by Supreme Court.

Atlantic City, N. J., Aug. 3.—The Supreme Court of the Order of Foresters, at a final meeting of its convention today, endorsed the plan for the purchase of big tracts of land in Northwest Canada for settlement by members of the order. Dr. Oronhyatekha, chief ranger, was presented with a jewel to commemorate his twenty-fifth year as head of the order.

### TORPEDO BOAT ATTACK.

Russian Destroyers Bombard Small Japanese Steamer.

Tokio, Aug. 3.—It is officially reported that two Russian torpedo boats destroyed appeared off Chung Ching on the northern coast of Korea at 4:40 o'clock this morning and attacked the Keishi, a small merchant steamer, which fired 100 shots, seven of which hit the port side of the engine room and bridge, killing the captain and one boy and wounding two of the crew.

The destroyers then ceased to fire and steamed toward Vladivostok at 5 o'clock. The Keishi was able to continue her voyage and escape.

### LINENWICH'S ARMY.

Unofficial Report From Tokio Gives Location of Russians.

Tokio, Aug. 3.—An unofficial report has been received to the effect that Gen. Linenwich's first army is dispersed near Chung Mumen, that the second army probably was now seen to be on the road to recovery, so that no more deaths are likely to result. Eighteen men were discharged yesterday from the hospital, leaving only 30 patients.

Seattle, Aug. 3.—Congressman William L.

## ATTRACTIOMS AT THE GORGE THIS WEEK

TONIGHT ..... ORCHESTRAL CONCERT  
SATURDAY, AUGUST 5 ..... ORCHESTRAL CONCERT  
SUNDAY AFTERNOON, AUGUST 6 ..... FIFTH REGIMENT BAND  
Boats for Hire, Bathing, Refreshment Pavilion. Illuminations Every Night.

### OBSERVATION CAR

Leaves Yates St. Daily at 2:40 p.m.

B. C. ELECTRIC RAILWAY CO., Ltd., 35 Yates St.

**Let Us Paint Your Residence!**  
**We Guarantee The Finest Workmanship And Materials.**  
**You Can Pay By Easy Monthly Installments If You Prefer.**

**Melrose Co. Ltd.**  
40 and 78 Fort Street

A. D. 100

**McCloskey Out Of the League**

**Manager of Baseball Team Is Asked to Resign by the Directors.**

**Two Fishermen Drowned Off Fraser's Mouth—"Dummy" Dead.**

From Our Own Correspondent.

Vancouver, Aug. 3.—Johnny Fraser, known to every athlete in Vancouver, and to many at outside points as "Dummy," is dead. He succumbed to tuberculosis this evening after a protracted illness. "Dummy" helped to nurse many a young athletic organization in its cradle period and was a familiar figure at every event at Brockton Point, where he was the first to hasten to the assistance of any temporarily incapacitated during the progress of a game. Some months ago funds were subscribed to send him to Kamloops for his health, and it was hoped that the trip would do him permanent good, but the benefit was short-lived. His death is deplored by all who knew him.

"Honest John" McCloskey is let out of the management of the baseball team. The directors say that under "Honest John's" management the team has cost too much money for the quality of ball produced. At the time the league was formed the salary limit was placed at \$1,200 a year. This salary limit has always been exceeded, and in the latter part of the first series the expense column totalled very high. The directors do not consider that McCloskey got value for the amount, and also intimated that he did not follow instructions in disciplining certain members of the team for improper while off duty.

McCloskey admits毫不hesitatingly that the salary limit had been exceeded, but states that every other team in the league has been doing the same thing. He said that on account of injuries sustained by some of the men he had been practically compelled to duplicate a part of the team. This being the case the circumstances were against him, but he did not believe it good policy now or at any time to cut down to the ridiculous low limit and play ball while all the other teams in the league were over playing the limit. McCloskey will probably return to his home in St. Louis.

Two Men Drowned

In a High Grade Belt.

Grand Forks Greatly Interested in a Recent Big Deal.

Grand Forks, Aug. 1.—The many Grand Forks citizens who are interested in the high grade belt at Greenwood are jubilant over the fact that the biggest mining deal that has ever been made in the high grade belt in this camp was consummated last week, when W. A. Robertson of Chicago, acting for the Barbara syndicate, arranged a consolidation of the Fremont, Strathmore and Barbara mines. These are three high grade properties within the limits of the town of Greenwood.

The Strathmore and Barbara are developed properties and ready to ship. The Strathmore is for its depth the highest grade mine in the camp, the ore running from \$100 to \$100 to the ton. Great things are expected from this mine with development. There is already with shafts, tunnels and drifts seven hundred feet of work done.

The Fremont lies between the Poyndore and Strathmore, and has both the Providence and Strathmore leads, and is in point of location the best in the camp; the surface showings are rich and foretell a great future. There are two hundred and seventy-five feet of work done on this property.

The Barbara has the largest lead in the camp, and is developed to the 200 foot level. Drifts run at the three levels have blocked out a large tonnage of ore.

The old granite belt, which is composed of a number of its citizens, such as Mayor Dunn, the Hon. George E. Ross, chairman of the naval committee in congress; W. F. Porter, of the Marshall Field Co.; Judge Prendergast, ex-Senator Hall, John McPherson, Charles Winslow, member of the Drovers' Bank, have agreed to set aside \$25,000 for the development of the Strathmore and Fremont, and it is expected that within one year this consolidation will produce dividend paying mining.

All that the mines in this camp require is development to open them up into dividend payers. During the last year considerable capital has come into the camp from the United States, and experienced mining men are putting in the money, which speaks volumes for the merits of the camp.

James Leamy, Dominion crown timber agent for the province, arrived here yesterday from New Westminster. Justice Leamy, magistrate Cochran, has just been holding an investigation into the cause of timber fires in that district.

Montana Spuds of the Eastern Townships Bank here has completed arrangements for the opening of a branch of his bank at Midway. This branch will be managed by E. Macneill.

G. W. Fairweather, of the Royal Bank of Canada, of Kettle Valley Line Railway, has been here for the last few days.

At 2 o'clock yesterday morning Grand Forks was again visited by the fire fiend, this time the victim being Thomas Wilson's laundry, in the north addition. The laundry was completely destroyed.

It is estimated that the damages were about \$1,000, of which sum \$500 was insured.

A miner named Kenneth McCauley lies in the city hospital with one arm broken in three places, a crushed thigh, and hand bruised shoulder as the result of an accident at the Britannia mine early this morning. At the time McCauley was working in one of the stoves of the Britannia, and shortly after several blasts had been fired went into the stove and several tons of rock fell, a portion striking him in his descent. He was placed on a stretcher by his companions and borne by them through a raging storm over the 3½ miles of road separating the mine from salt water. He was placed on the Britannia syndicate's launch Lotus, and

arrived in Vancouver shortly after 10 o'clock. He underwent an operation on arrival at the hospital, and from latest reports is progressing favorably.

**Daily Fishing Report**

The daily report from fishing centres today is as follows:

English Bay—Boats averaged 285. Ewen's—Yesterday boats averaged 95. This morning average 103.

Brunswick—Yesterday boats averaged 150. Today average about 200.

Frasers river and Vancouver—Boat limit put on yesterday. No boat boat had sailed excepting the limit.

This same applies to the Phoenix, Scotstoun, Canadian and Imperial canneries.

Report from the Sound is as follows:

Plenty of fish. Most of yesterday's fish came from Boundary Bay and the reef traps at Point Roberts. Did not fish all our traps at Boundary Bay or Reef Point, but purpose cleaning them up today. The fish received were about \$8,000 from Point Roberts district, 45,000 from Lum Island and 40,000 from the Salmon banks. The fish from the Salmon banks comprised about 30 per cent. of humpbacks, but this is not taken as an indication of a permanent fall-off in the sockeye run.

**RUSSIA'S REFORM PROBLEMS.**

Czar's Councillors Discuss Knotty Question of National Assembly.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 3.—The Emperor's councillors today resumed consideration of the national assembly projected at Peterhoff, penetrating deeply the nature and extent of the representation to be granted. The problem of according a voice in the proposed assembly to all classes and interests without giving undue weight to the representatives of the uneducated peasants, comprising 65 per cent. of the whole population, or throwing control of the assembly into the hands of demagogues and agitators, is one of the points of the whole system, and is the cause of the greatest perplexity, both to those who drafted the original Bulgarian programme and to the ministers by whom it was to be revised. The sections considered at Tuesday's session were unimportant in comparison with the topics now under consideration.

**Country's Great Expectations**

Though no details of the discussion have appeared in print, several papers comment on the extreme importance of the Peterhoff conference and base their great expectations of a brighter future for Russia.

The discussion on the question of the assembly lasted until nearly 7 p.m.

Tomorrow, which is the name day of the Dowager Empress, is a general holiday, and all the high functionaries will go to Peterhoff to offer their felicitations.

**MINING MATTERS IN THE BOUNDARY**

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All that the mines in this camp require is development to open them up into dividend payers. During the last year considerable capital has come into the camp from the United States, and experienced mining men are putting in the money, which speaks volumes for the merits of the camp.

James Leamy, Dominion crown timber agent for the province, arrived here yesterday from New Westminster. Justice Leamy, magistrate Cochran, has just been holding an investigation into the cause of timber fires in that district.

Montana Spuds of the Eastern Townships Bank here has completed arrangements for the opening of a branch of his bank at Midway. This branch will be managed by E. Macneill.

G. W. Fairweather, of the Royal Bank of Canada, of Kettle Valley Line Railway, has been here for the last few days.

At 2 o'clock yesterday morning Grand Forks was again visited by the fire fiend, this time the victim being Thomas Wilson's laundry, in the north addition. The laundry was completely destroyed.

It is estimated that the damages were about \$1,000, of which sum \$500 was insured.

A miner named Kenneth McCauley lies in the city hospital with one arm broken in three places, a crushed thigh, and hand bruised shoulder as the result of an accident at the Britannia mine early this morning. At the time McCauley was working in one of the stoves of the Britannia, and shortly after several blasts had been fired went into the stove and several tons of rock fell, a portion striking him in his descent. He was placed on a stretcher by his companions and borne by them through a raging storm over the 3½ miles of road separating the mine from salt water. He was placed on the Britannia syndicate's launch Lotus, and

arrived in Vancouver shortly after 10 o'clock. He underwent an operation on arrival at the hospital, and from latest reports is progressing favorably.

**Daily Fishing Report**

The daily report from fishing centres today is as follows:

English Bay—Boats averaged 285. Ewen's—Yesterday boats averaged 95. This morning average 103.

Brunswick—Yesterday boats averaged 150. Today average about 200.

Frasers river and Vancouver—Boat limit put on yesterday. No boat boat had sailed excepting the limit.

This same applies to the Phoenix, Scotstoun, Canadian and Imperial canneries.

Report from the Sound is as follows:

Plenty of fish. Most of yesterday's fish came from Boundary Bay and the reef traps at Point Roberts. Did not fish all our traps at Boundary Bay or Reef Point, but purpose cleaning them up today. The fish received were about \$8,000 from Point Roberts district, 45,000 from Lum Island and 40,000 from the Salmon banks. The fish from the Salmon banks comprised about 30 per cent. of humpbacks, but this is not taken as an indication of a permanent fall-off in the sockeye run.

**RUSS**

NO CREDIT

No Goods  
On Approval  
Or Exchanged

## Winding-up Business

No need to emphasize our special  
Prices do the talking.

## Today's Offerings

10 a. m.—Skirt Sale

At this special sale we offer our entire stock of Ladies' Fine Dress Skirts, each line being especially reduced for TODAY.

3 p. m.—Trimmed Hats

More Polo-Turbans, trimmed by our skilful expert with our finest trimmings. Worth up to \$12.50 each. YOUR CHOICE \$2.50

The Hutcheson Co., Ltd. Aug 3 1905 Victoria, B.C.

## Local Versus Import Paints

Latter Commodity Practically Being Driven Out of Local Market.

Victoria Now Controls Trade of Province and the Yukon.

Some enquiries were made yesterday by a Colonist reporter respecting the progress of the paint manufacturing industry here, particularly with the idea of ascertaining whether or not the home-made article is not gradually driving imported paints out of the market. Mr. J. C. Pendray, manager of the British America Paint Company, was called upon. "What," asked the reporter, "is the position of the home industry in Victoria?"

"Well," replied Mr. Pendray, "speaking generally, we control practically the main portion of the paint trade of British Columbia, and we are also now extending into the Northwest Territories. Our goods are met with with special favor, and are in ready demand. In view of our trade is increasing by leaps and bounds. This week, for instance, we have shipped no less than three complete carloads to Calgary; we have also made some very heavy shipments to Dawson in the past few days. At this time of year generally, business becomes a little slack, but this year it continues as brisk as in the early spring, and our sales are vastly in excess of previous years."

"What competition is there, Mr. Pendray, and from what quarter?" was the next question.

"Our Eastern competitors," said the manager, "are Eastern Canadian manufacturers who manage to come out by cutting prices, and by other devices demoralize the market to the occasional detriment of the home industry. Locally we have no competition to speak of, and our goods hold the market. Our Elephant brand is now a household word amongst painters and is recognized as the standard throughout British Columbia. The competition of English goods has been successfully overcome, and what we have now to deal with is the Eastern supply only, namely, from Montreal and a little, a very little, from the United States."

"As regards this Eastern competition, Eastern manufacturers are also now beginning to find that the struggle is unprofitable, as in order to compete with our goods they have to employ extensive methods of securing business, which, added to freight charges, leaves them no profit. The advantages that we have over Eastern manufacturers is that our paints are made to withstand the local climatic conditions, with which we are naturally conversant. It is well known fact that their colors do not stand the influence of the salt atmosphere, especially in certain colors. Where salt and sulphates come in collision, unless specially protected by scientific process, the loss of color under exposure is the natural result and thus the advantage applies in paint manufacture. Besides this we believe in printers' ink and use it liberally."

"Under these circumstances we naturally have the utmost confidence in the future, and we are increasing our staff and propose shortly to build a new factory of at least double our present capacity."

S. R. Newton, of the Melrose Paint Co., said: "My opinion is that the paints manufactured locally are in nearly every case superior to those imported from the East. Our endeavor here in making paints is to meet the local climatic conditions. The experience of our painting department has demonstrated on this a great many occasions that the paint we make will withstand the salt air and long spells of damp weather better than anything imported. The bulk of the paint produced here has been imported from British Columbia, the reason being its superiority over the American article, and of recent years the one-third rebate of duty has also added to that end. As to the raw material there is no doubt whatever that the English is very superior to either Continental or American, and the fact of those who manufacture paint there being able to import the raw material from England by cheap freight via Cape Horn, enables us to produce a good paint at about as low a figure as that at which it can be produced in the East. The importation of the English material is likely to continue until our home market grows larger, when the demand will be great enough to warrant the investment of capital in opening up some of the many dry paint deposits in our own province—such as yellow ochres, reds, umbers and siennas."

"I have had," said Mr. Newton, "many samples of very good earth submitted to me, equal to any of the Old Country products, but upon examination we found that the expense necessary to put the material as taken from the ground fit state for the proper manufacture of paints increases the cost to such an extent as to make it prohibitive. That there is such an industry before us is an undoubted fact, and in years to come we shall be exporting instead of importing paints."

"The base of all paints at present," concluded Mr. Newton, "is white lead, and British Columbia is at present producing the only lead available. They are now commencing to corrode lead to manufacture it into white lead for paint use, and to aid this the government has recently changed the tariff from a duty of 5 per cent, which it has been for years, to 30 per cent, as a protective measure. This will no doubt aid the white lead industry, but it will not help British Columbia very much, for the reason that the lead has to be hauled from Nelson to the East to be corroded, and then hauled back again as white lead for paints. It follows, therefore, that as soon as the demand increases sufficiently we shall have lead-smelting works in British Columbia suffi-

## Bearing on the Water Problem

General Disposition to Favor Improving Present Source of Supply.

Portions of the "Secret" Agreement Between City and Tramway Company.

11 a. m.—Children's White Lace Hosiery.  
White Hosiery is now being worn by children at all the fashionable centres of the world. But all the same this line of lace hose will be on sale TODAY 30c AT.....  
Regular values to 50c, a pair.9 a. m.—Basket Cloth  
White Basket Cloth, suitable for Blouses and Children's Dresses. Regular values 30c and 35c a yard. TODAY 20c

At this special sale we offer our entire stock of Ladies' Fine Dress Skirts, each line being especially reduced for TODAY.

More Polo-Turbans, trimmed by our skilful expert with our finest trimmings. Worth up to \$12.50 each. YOUR CHOICE \$2.50

The Hutcheson Co., Ltd. Aug 3 1905 Victoria, B.C.

From casual inquiries among rate-payers it would appear that there is a general disposition to approve of the suggestion advanced by some of the aldermen that about the best plan the city could adopt in the waterworks improvements at the present time would be to go ahead with the plan recommended by the California expert, Walter L. Adams, for the betterment of the present system. Now that the council has before it the question of confirming or rescinding the famous "secret" agreement, the following portions of that document are republished for general information:

The corporation will proceed immediately to give the right to use the waters of the Goldstream river and its tributaries, in one of the three following manner, hereunder referred to as A, B and C:

(A) By acquiring the undertaking of the Esquimalt Waterworks Company, either by purchase or otherwise.

(B) By obtaining the right to take and use all the waters of the Goldstream river and its tributaries as the same now exists, and which form the present source of supply of the Esquimalt Waterworks Company, and continuing the undertaking of the said company.

(C) By obtaining a right to a portion of the waters of the Goldstream river and its tributaries.

In the event of the corporation acquiring the right to take and use all the waters of the Goldstream river and its tributaries under A or B of clause 1 hereof, the corporation agrees to supply to the company the water required for the purposes of its undertaking, and that the corporation can supply from the new existing state of development of the source of supply. The corporation will be entitled to a sum equivalent to the sum paid by the corporation for the purchase of the water required for the purposes of its undertaking, and that the corporation can supply from the new existing state of development of the source of supply. The corporation will be entitled to a sum equivalent to the sum paid by the corporation for the purchase of the water required for the purposes of its undertaking, and that the corporation can supply from the new existing state of development of the source of supply. 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**The Colonist.**

FRIDAY, AUGUST 4, 1905.

The Colonist Printing & Publishing Company, Limited Liability.  
27 Broad Street Victoria, B.C.  
A. G. SARGISON, Managing Director.

COLONIST AGENCIES.

VANCOUVER.....  
...W. R. Creech 612 Hastings St.NEW WESTMINSTER.....  
H. Morey & Co., J. J. McKay & Co.REVELSTOKE.....  
Canada Drug & Book Co., J.A. Buckingham

KAMLOOPS ..... Smith Bros.

NELSON ..... G. R. Stanley

NANAIMO ..... W. R. Murdock

LADYSMITH ..... J. A. Knight

CHEMAINUS ..... H. Harnell

DUNCANS ..... R. Ventress

VICTORIANS AT THE PORTLAND FAIR

The Daily Colonist is on sale at Rich's News Stands in all Exhibit Buildings, and on the grounds; also at the "American Inn" News Stand.

## INDEMNITIES AND SALARIES.

Had the members of parliament and the government at Ottawa realized that their action in increasing indemnities and creating a pension would have been received with such volleys of criticism from all parts of Canada, they would have hesitated in rushing the measure through with such indecent haste at the close of a long session. There is hardly a newspaper in the country, either Liberal or Conservative, that does not condemn some feature of the new arrangement, which involves an annual increase of expenditure of about \$600,000. The expense bill of the Dominion is increasing so rapidly as to create a feeling of uneasiness. During the present fiscal year we have to provide a sum of, in round numbers, \$89,000,000, or an increase of over \$50,000,000 as compared with 1896. Good times will not always last, but the fixed expenditure created during a period of great prosperity will, and the pinch will come by and by.

Opinions differ very largely as to the details of the latest added burden upon our resources. As to the increase in the Judges' salaries there is very little objection taken. It is felt that it is impossible to get the best legal talent on the Bench unless salaries are made sufficient to attract the best men. The most successful practitioners, as a rule, make much larger incomes than the highest salaries paid to judges. If we can maintain and increase the status of the judiciary by voting adequate remuneration for the best services available, it is generally regarded as money well spent.

There is a decided difference of opinion about the salary to be paid to the leader of the Opposition. In the first place, it is a departure from all precedent, except that furnished by Ontario at the last session of its legislature. It is agreed that the leader of the Opposition has a very important duty to perform, in a sense even greater in the interests of the people than that of the leader of the Government. He must give a great deal of time and be at much expense in fulfilling his duty. It is held, however, that his remuneration should come from the party in whose service his time and labor are spent. To place him on the pay-list is to give him a quasi-official status, and lessen the effectiveness of his criticism. He is no longer, so to speak, in a position of complete independence, his own master. The question to decide is, Are his services in the interests of the country, or are they wholly in the interests of his party? On the whole, we think the country will not seriously object to the principle involved.

The feeling is the strongest in respect to the pension list and the all-round increase in indemnities voted by the members to themselves. For the long sessions, which is the justification of the increase, the members themselves are responsible. As is pointed out by the Mail and Empire and other papers, a great deal of time is spent in the early part of the session over matters of comparatively small importance, while matters of very grave importance are left to the last and sums in the millions are voted with less consideration sometimes than is given to the salary of a second-rate clerk. If a determined effort were made to save time, the necessity for long sessions would not exist. Of course, the government is responsible for the conduct of the House, and if their administrative acts were above criticism, lengthened discussion would not be justified. A conscientious leader of the Opposition feels that he is not doing his duty if matters worthy of condemnation, however small, are allowed to pass over. Questions of principle are constantly arising, and if criticism is stifled, popular government must fail. It does fail in many important respects, and the best guarantee the people have is not in the number of members, or the indemnity to be paid, or even in the legislative safeguards provided, but in the character of the men who make up the governing body. The selection is in their own hands, and the responsibility in the final analysis rests with themselves. If they return a government to power that has violated the promises upon which it came into existence, if they palliate acts of which their conscience cannot approve, if they are blinded to administrative folly, extravagance and corruption by governmental favors distributed with a free hand, if they overlook the necessity of sound principles being observed in every department,

they must expect that when their representatives have an opportunity to vote substantial benefits to themselves, the opportunity will not be neglected. In a reign of graft for political supporters, members of parliament may be reckoned upon to look after themselves. Good times are rampant, money is plentiful, the treasury is overflowing; in the current vernacular, "everything goes."

One good result to follow the "salary grab," as it is popularly designated, will be the awakening of the people to a sense of their responsibility in these matters. This most recent action of parliament has aroused a deeper feeling than half a dozen of school questions. It is an act of pure selfishness, and, therefore, reflects directly upon every member concerned in it. It leaves an ugly taste in the mouth, after being swallowed, as it has to be, by followers of both parties. It was a wholesale and reckless raid on the treasury, planned in the dark and sprung suddenly upon the country, after the details had been satisfactorily arranged among its promoters. Now that it has been done, it is questioned in some quarters, in view of the state of public feeling, if it will be permitted to go into effect fully before parliament meets again and has an opportunity to reconsider it. That is the view taken by some well-informed politicians, and we should not be surprised to see the deal frustrated yet.

The great objection to the increase of indemnity of members to \$2,500 per annum is not that, in many instances, they do not earn it, but at that price it ceases to be an indemnity and becomes a salary worth the while as the making of a living. The very suggestion of paying men to become our legislators is in contravention of all traditions of British parliamentary institutions. To represent the people in parliament has always been regarded as the highest of honors in the gift of the people, in itself all the reward that a man should seek. In Great Britain public positions of any kind—those of aldermen, members of school boards, park commissioners and the like—are sought after by the most prominent citizens, and are occupied year after year without emoluments or thoughts of reward other than the honor and responsibility of the trust. We value these things all too lightly in Canada. It is true that in Great Britain, as here, cabinet ministers are paid a salary, but they devote all their time to their duties and are subject to many demands on their purses, which in the most instances far exceed their emoluments. Besides, a cabinet minister is an official, with an assigned task to perform, and as in the case of every laborer, is worthy of his hire.

In the Empire outside of Great Britain itself members of the various legislative bodies are paid an indemnity, the primary object of which is not payment for services performed, but to reimburse them for out-of-pocket expenses entailed in their legislative capacity, and for the reason that in new countries the great majority of representatives are not in a position to afford the honor as the sole reward. It would, therefore, be impossible to secure a sufficient representation without barring out many very desirable men. In the Imperial parliament it is arranged differently. The members representing the Irish party and the representatives of labor are paid out of funds subscribed for the purpose.

The scale upon which indemnity in Canada is now based destroys the original and fundamental idea of representation and places politics purely on the plane of business, which will be engaged in by many for what there is in it as a means of livelihood. Instead, therefore, of getting the best class of men, we shall get men of a class necessarily more or less clever, but who are wholly mercenary in their views of office. While the honor involved will always be a consideration, it will be of secondary importance. The tendency is bad from every point of view.

## THE CANADIAN YEAR BOOK.

Canada is growing, and its official publications grow with it. We are in receipt of the "Statistical Year Book of Canada." It has twenty more pages of reading matter than the volume for 1903, and has as a supplement 15 colored charts of Canada illustrating various economic and social phases of the Dominion in a graphic way. Altogether it has increased substantially. To those who know the publication and the work of the compiler, Mr. Geo. Johnson, Dominion statistician, it is unnecessary to say anything about the volume before us, except that, if possible, it is better than any that has preceded it. It is a mine of information about Canada that may be accepted as absolutely reliable as official returns can make it, complete as returns are available, and as concise and scientific in treatment as a skilled statistician can turn it out. The index of the various heads alone occupy 28 pages. This work, in which Mr. Johnson has been engaged for years, and which has developed from comparatively small beginnings, is of most important character, and has expanded so much that he has now a large staff of assistants doing clerical work under his direction. Not only does his book contain an endless amount of information on all subjects of public interest, but in his office he has files upon files of details concerning every conceivable subject relating to Canada. If a man is interested in any particular line of research relating to the resources, the industries, or the possibilities of the Dominion from an economic point of view, ten to one if he goes to Mr. Johnson's office, that gentleman will consult his index, turn to a certain file, and lay before him all that is to be known concerning it. If he has not got the information conveniently at hand, he will get it in a short space of time. The head of the statistical branch at Ottawa is about the hardest man in the country to stump. His office is, therefore, one of the most useful at Ottawa, and is constantly brought into requisition by men in quest of special information. It is impossible, in a reasonable space, to attempt to review a work of nearly 800 pages, every page of which is replete with facts. We

just wish to refer to the colored diagrams at the end of the book, which have a lot of special information presented in a striking way, where are interesting comparisons as among provinces, in which British Columbia does not suffer.

It will be interesting to know that the proportion of cultivated land to the whole area in the different provinces is as follows: British Columbia, 0.20; Territories, 0.47; Manitoba, 0.70; Ontario, 0.40; Quebec, 3.40; New Brunswick, 8.00; Nova Scotia, 9.30; Prince Edward Island, 52.00. Naturally our province is the lowest in this respect.

In regard to the proportion of forest and woodland to the whole area, many will be surprised to learn that in Manitoba it is 40.00 per cent., and in the Territories 33.64. British Columbia has 80 per cent., Ontario 46.31, and Quebec 51.22.

The average size of the family throughout Canada in 1901 was 5.24. In British Columbia it was 4.65, and in Quebec 5.36, not so very much over the average, considering the reputation of its population for large families.

The average number of persons to the square mile in Canada is 1.17. In British Columbia it is 0.4, in the Territories 0.5, in Manitoba 3.00, in Ontario 0.9, in Quebec 4.8, in Prince Edward Island 51.6, in New Brunswick 11.82, and in Nova Scotia 22.3. British Columbia has the largest proportion of males to the population, being 63.9, as compared with 51.23 for the whole of Canada.

Of foreign born population the Territories have the largest percentage, being 30.83, as compared with an average for the whole of Canada of 5.2. That carries with it its own commentary. British Columbia has 26.90.

The diagram referring to the percentage of French origin is interesting in view of certain statements recently made by French papers in Quebec that the French would yet conquer and possess, quietly, of course, Ontario. The percentage in all Canada is 30.70, and in Quebec about 80.18. In Ontario it is 7.27. New Brunswick 24.15, Prince Edward Island 13.42, Nova Scotia 10.02, Manitoba 6.28, Alberta 11.7, and in British Columbia 2.60.

The percentage of owners and occupiers of farms in Canada is 8.8 per cent., in British Columbia 3.32, in Manitoba 12.46, and in Ontario 12.49. The average value of farms per occupant in Canada is \$3,735, decidedly high, and in British Columbia \$5,484, which tops the list. British Columbia tops the list in the average production of the farms, which for the Dominion is \$750, at \$1,047. The next highest is Ontario at \$1,040.

The expenditure for education per family is highest in Manitoba, \$28.50, and next in British Columbia, \$15.31.

In production the annual income derived from all sources is by far the highest in British Columbia, being \$290 per head, as compared with \$185.30 for Canada and \$219 for Ontario. In fisheries British Columbia is \$25.45, against an average for the whole of Canada of \$37.70, and for Nova Scotia \$15.82; in mines, \$82.23, as compared with \$8.93 for all Canada and \$19.70 for Nova Scotia; in timber, \$15.90 per head, as against \$9.68 for Canada and \$11.60 for Quebec.

British Columbia is under the average in respect to farm products, being only \$30.28, as against \$56.95 per head for all of Canada. Manitoba leads with \$84.20 per head, and Ontario is next with \$73.00. This is usually represented as a non-industrial province, but for the production of factories per head it leads easily. The average for Canada is \$106.08 per head. The next is Ontario with \$130.32. British Columbia is \$135.50 per head.

## THE BLUNDER COST MILLIONS.

Toronto Mail and Empire. The Grand Trunk Pacific, as originally designed, was to be a business enterprise, and with this end in view it was proposed that the line should begin at North Bay, where the Grand Trunk ends, and should continue thence to the West and to the Pacific. This was the proposal of Sir Wilfrid Laurier, aided by the politicians who after further, but that twisted the affair around and committed us to the construction at an expense of \$75,000,000, of the line hundreds of miles north, and the completion of the Intercolonial railway from Quebec to Moncton. Now we are beginning to experience the folly of the Laurier scheme.

At this moment the Grand Trunk is trying to get away from Sir Wilfrid's northward extension by building a branch to Fort William. The company wants a commercial route, and it is bound to have it. At the same time application has been made for a subsidy for a line from North Bay as originally projected and recommended by the government, and the government has reluctantly agreed to it. The Intercolonial railway is to be completed by the government, and the government could, of course, counteract the business plan and insisted upon committing the country to a huge outlay in order that another scheme carrying the line away to the north might be pushed through. Now we are bound to the original plan, and the cost of the extension is to be borne by the rate-payers. The company is going to provide money for a road that will not justify the great outlays that are being made on the far north line! While this situation is taking shape, Liberals in the East are appealing to the government to drop the scheme, and the government, Senator Power and other leaders have strongly represented that it is mistake to build a second line to take off the business of the Intercolonial and through the trade to the West. The cost is to be borne by the rate-payers, and certainly it seems absurd to us to invest public money in a project which is to make the losses larger. If, as Mr. Pope points out, the parallel line which will cost \$120,000,000, saves but a small sum in the distance covered, the thing ceases to be a folly and assumes the appearance of a crime.

So far there have been voted for this last, the following sums:

For the following sums:

For surveys ..... \$5,000,000

Estimates of 1903-04 ..... 1,328,500

Supplementary estimates of 1904-05 ..... 290,500

To pay Grand Trunk for surveys ..... 352,370

Estimates of 1905-06 ..... 1,000,000

Construction ..... 1,000,000

Total ..... \$4,471,370

Here are nearly four and a half millions already voted. No wonder the members have provided themselves with pensions. These men expect that an industrious people will drive them out at the next opportunity, and they do not propose to go empty-handed.

## YANKEE RAILS.

Public Opinion.

The remarkable strength of American Railway shares is the feature of the London Exchange, more particularly as the public on both sides of the Atlantic is holding back from all markets. The big names of New York, who hold the bulk of the shares, are not worth the marked most handsomely. Ontario has suffered their rise, and a bear sale is likely to react favorably; Atchison, Topeka, and Santa Fe are certain to go much higher especially now. Canadian Pacific and Grand Trunk stocks are at the top of the market for the future. The crop returns are magnificent, foretelling very heavy stocks in the autumn, and a rise in both stocks is certain to develop between now and October.

**KILL CUTWORMS NOW and Save Your Crops.** Shotbolt has Pure Paris Green (guaranteed 52%). It will pay you to use the best.

PIONEER DRUG STORE, 59 JOHNSON STREET VICTORIA.

**Walter S. Fraser & Co., Ltd.** IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

**General Hardware** A FULL LINE OF

Garden Tools, Hose, Lawn Mowers and Poultry Netting, Enamel and Tinware for Householders

Wharf Street, Victoria, B.C. P. O. Box 423.

"I would as soon be without my samples as

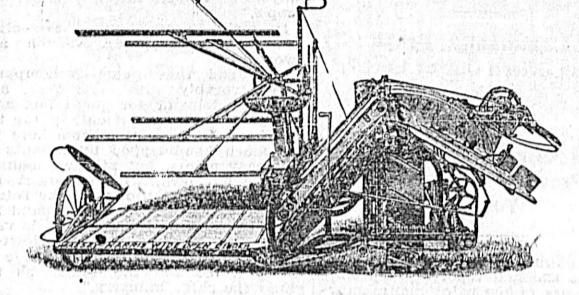
**2 in 1**

You know how it is in travelling around—how your boots become scratched and worn—Well '2 in 1' fixes that up in a 'jiffy.' I carry it along in my grip and a minute's heart-to-heart talk with my boots, assisted by '2 in 1' and a cloth, makes me as spick and span as anyone could wish."

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Black and Tan—10 and 25 cent boxes and 15 cent collapsible tubes.

**Massey-Harris 20th Century Wide Open Binder**



No Binder ever made has been able to successfully compete with this machine. It stands the test in the most difficult grain and on the roughest ground.

It has steel frame, perfected roller bearings, open divider, folding headboard, and in fact all the latest improvements, Made in 5 ft. and 6 ft. cuts.

BEND FOR SPECIAL CATALOGUE AND PRICES  
**E.G. Prior & Co., Ltd. Ltd.**

Victoria. Vancouver. Kamloops.

**Esquimalt & Nanaimo Ry.**

SUBURBAN TRAIN SERVICE

Taking Effect Tuesday, June 20th, 1905.

BETWEEN VICTORIA, SHAWNIGAN LAKE AND INTERMEDIATE STATIONS.

Leave Victoria. Leave Koenig's (Shawnigan Lake).  
9:00 a.m. 2:00 a.m., 4:00 p.m. .... Sunday ..... 10:42 a.m., 6:30 p.m.  
6:00 a.m., 9:00 a.m., 6:00 p.m. .... Monday ..... 7:25 a.m., 10:42 a.m., 7:30 p.m.  
6:00 a.m., 9:00 a.m., 4:00 p.m. .... Tuesday ..... 7:25 a.m., 10:42 a.m., 6:30 p.m.  
6:00 a.m., 9:00 a.m., 6:00 p.m. .... Wednesday ..... 7:25 a.m., 10:42 a.m., 7:30 p.m.  
6:00 a.m., 9:00 a.m., 6:00 p.m. .... Thursday ..... 7:25 a.m., 10:42 a.m., 7:30 p.m.  
6:00 a.m., 9:00 a.m., 6:00 p.m. .... Friday ..... 7:25 a.m., 10:42 a.m., 7:30 p.m.  
6:00 a.m., 9:00 a.m., 4:00 p.m. .... Saturday ..... 7:25 a.m., 10:42 a.m., 6:30 p.m.

FARE FROM VICTORIA TO SHAWNIGAN LAKE and return, \$1.00. Ten-Trip Family Tickets, \$2.50 each. FOR SUNDAYS ONLY, 50c. return.

FARE FROM VICTORIA TO GOLDSTREAM and return, 50c. Ten-Trip Family Tickets, \$1.75 each. FOR SUNDAYS ONLY, 35c. return.

**GEO. L. COURTNEY, D. F. & P. A.**

**SOMERSET HOUSE**



## SPORTING NEWS.

## THE RIFLE.

The Bisley Meeting  
The Glasgow Herald of July 15 has the following re: Canada's victory at the Bisley meeting: "The Kolapore cup contest attracted a large number of spectators to the Century Butt in the afternoon, and although the majority of the men were apathetic with regard to the match, there probably found some consolation in the excellence of the shooting. The match was hotly contested. For a while the Mother Country had to be content with a solid winning position, but the arrival of our Guernsey, who, as a rule, are not regarded as dangerous opponents. At 200 yards the shooting was hardly up to par, but the conditions being unusually difficult, this is not surprising. The results were very costly, and the failure of two well known marksman in the home team to reach 30 must be attributed as much to bad luck as to anything else. Canada, by compiling a total of 200 points, laid the foundation for victory, and at any rate gave herself something to square when the finish came. New Zealand and Transvaal ran a neck-and-neck race, and finished with 255 points each. The Mother Country followed with 251, and Jersey brought up the rear with 243. Then trouble was experienced with the wind."

"At 50 yards, when half the match was over, New Zealand had crept into the leading place, being three points better than either the Transvaal, who stood equal with the Mother Country at this stage was five points behind the second pair. At the finish of the second distance Canada resumed her position of pride, having held it only one point over Transvaal with 511 points. New Zealand made a capital third three marks behind the leader, while the Mother Country was not by any means out of the running with 508. Indeed, the other small nations were not far behind, the Mother Country came very near victory. Q.M.S. Fraser, Banff, who shot splendidly at the previous ranges, crowned his previous efforts with the possible, at the third distance, when he gave the marksmen who followed him some heartening. Captain Johnson, King's Princeton, failed to do himself justice, and finished without having reached a total of 30 for all of the ranges. The two other countries, with 240 points, made the highest total at 600 yards. Canada was the best, but her circuses enabled her to finish with an aggregate of 758. The Mother Country secured second place at 752, while New Zealand, with 241 as its loudest, fell into third position with 749. The highest individual score of the match was made by Captain Elliott, of the Canadian team, who dropped a point at 200 yards through taking too much time, and another at 500 yards by taking too far a sight. These slips robbed him of the highest possible over the three distances.

"To indicate the excellence of the shooting, it may be recalled that the winning total last year was 719, made by New Zealand, as against Canada's 758 today."

## LACROSSE.

## The Seniors' Game

Since it has been decided to play the senior Intercollegiate with Vancouver on Saturday, the members of the team have lost no opportunity to get in first class shape. They realize that it is very important they should win this game, and will make the Vancouver team play in championship form. The team, which the previous week have lowered the colors of the resolute red shorts from New Westminster, the locals feel that with any kind of luck they will be able to turn the trick on Saturday. As will be recalled, the last game played in this city with the Victoria City boys, the locals lost in the first quarter; after that the boys in blue and white outclassed them, but were unable to secure a lead. Since then the visitors have not strengthened their team, and the locals have. The team which wear the blue and white on Saturday has again been changed; some of the changes are a decided advantage to the team, but the other change is a question. A player may make a good gain in speed, but to put him on the home without practice in that position appears ridiculous. With the intention of strengthening the home, the defense has been apparently weakened. Stevens, who has been playing defensive end, has been shifted to the home field, and Baker takes his place on the defense; this move is very questionable after the manner in which the former showed up on the home the last time he tried it. Another change has been made to the home. White again helm on the team. He is at present playing better lacrosse than he has done for some time, and will give some of the Vancouver defenders a few anxious minutes in their defense.

The question of referee has not yet been decided, but it is likely that a local man will be chosen. This will be the last time this season that the supporters of the local club will have the opportunity of seeing Vancouver play. The men and the executive are very anxious that there should be a big turnout. The game will be called at 3 o'clock sharp, and the team which has been chosen by the committee is as follows: Goal, S. Lorimer; P. Clegg; cover-pelot, G. L. Smith; H. H. Taylor and Baker; centre, Hendren; home field, Stevens, Sargison, Munro; outside home, White; inside, West; reserves, Morris and Fairall.

## TENNIS.

## Yesterday's Matches

Another large and fashionably dressed number of spectators witnessed the tennis matches at the courts yesterday. From early in the morning until the dusk the spectators were kept interested with first single, then the various doubles. Few weary waits were experienced, as the committee which has the arranging of the schedule are anxious to keep the games going. The attendance yesterday was up to the mark, and the weather was sadly behind that of last season, and the committee are anxiously waiting for a big attendance, as they are desirous of wiping off some of the debt of the club.

Although there were only a few tennis players present, which was disappointing—the work of the locals is far above the average play which has been witnessed at the Victoria courts. It is indeed surprising the accuracy and good judgment a player can have made after her a successful competitor. After some time yesterday the ball was placed with such precision that one would imagine that the distance had all been measured and the ball had to go there.

Today is expected to be the big day of the tournament, the committee having arranged it so that all the games will be played during the afternoon. This has been arranged after a great deal of trouble, and the committee are doing the committee, but it is hoped that it will prove an inducement for all interested in tennis to turn out and help the club.

Among the specially interesting ones will be two gentlemen's doubles, Goward and R. H. Pooley, and Williams and Schwengers. From the placing of these teams in their early games, there is not the least doubt but that one of these matches will be a good worth the admission fee. There is quite a rivalry between these couples, and the persons who are unlikely to miss one or both of them will certainly miss a treat. Another game that will be watched with interest is the singles between A. T. Goward and B. P. Schwenger. Goward is playing very fine class style this season, having come up to that of last year, when he had the honor of playing off with R. B. Powell for the

championship. Schwengers is playing a far better game than he has been putting up for a number of years, and will put up a strong fight in order to have the honor of playing off for the championship. Amongst the contestants Miss Pooley and Miss Bell vs. the Misses Pitts is also on the list of events for today, the winner being entitled to play in the finals. In the mixed doubles, A. T. Goward and Pooley and Miss Pooley, and there will be an exciting struggle to see whether the Pooleys or the Gowards are the "stars." One final will be played today, the ladies' double, as defined by the rules.

Mr. and Mrs. Parnott of Vancouver are staying at the Vernon. They were united in the bonds of matrimony yesterday at the Terminal City and are here enjoying the honeymoon.

Messrs. W. J. C. Macaulay, M. H. Campbell, H. Forster and Mrs. Wilson of Vancouver, and Messrs. E. J. Duncan and E. W. Molander of Seattle are in the city. They are amongst the guests at the Victoria.

The Rev. John M. Dean of the Tabernacle Baptist church of Seattle, is in the city.

Rev. A. Bowing has returned from Canada, where he has been supplying the Presbyterian pulpit for a couple of months.

Mr. Wm. Henderson and wife, of Leslie, Scotland; D. A. Kelly, of Seattle; and J. W. Kelly, wife, of Durban, are staying at the Delta hotel.

Mr. T. P. Hughes and bride, of Spokane, have been a great deal of conversation about the house, when the players emerged from the club house, their appearance greeted with loud applause.

On the start of Cornwell and Hunter had the service, and took their game. On Williams going down, both his game and the service went on till the sixth game, and won three.

The seventh, which by service would have gone to Cornwell, the eighth to the two Captains. The ninth went to Cornwell, and they were even again. When the tenth game was reached, the service was something doing. All four players were beginning to feel the effects of the hard game. With one game to the good, and the next same standing in their favor, the two Captains were at a loss, group between them, and appealed to all to pieces, and only took one more game, which gave Williams and Wright the set. On changing ends, it was quite evident that Cornwell and Hunter had not settled that night, and were "up in the air," and lost the set without taking a game.

In the mixed doubles between Miss Pitts and Capt. Williams vs. Mrs. Langley and Capt. Wright, the service was even, having to play for it. In the first set the score was 5-0, before Mrs. Langley and Cambie began to work, and then they rapidly ran up four, but lost the next two and the set. In the second set the same procedure was followed, and the two Captains, who had secured one, but they managed to overhaul the others, but could not stop them from taking the next two, which settled the set.

Following the custom of the preceding days, refreshments were served yesterday, Mrs. Rithet and Mrs. Genge presiding. For today Mrs. J. Dunsmuir will be in charge.

The results of yesterday's games are as follows:

**Mixed Doubles**

Miss Bell and Capt. Wright defeated Miss V. Powell and J. D. Hunter—2-0, 6-0.

Miss Bell and A. T. Goward defeated Miss Pitts and V. C. Keefer—6-2, 6-1.

Miss M. Pitts and Capt. William defeated Mrs. Langley and J. Cambie—6-4, 7-5.

**Men's Doubles**

Captains Williams and Wright defeated Cornwall and Hunter—6-0, 6-0.

R. H. Pooley and Rithet defeated Cambie and Leeming—6-1, 6-2.

Schwengers and Macrae defeated Elliott and Remington—6-2, 6-3.

**MEN'S SINGLES.**

R. P. Schwengers defeated D. M. Rogers—6-2, 6-1.

B. P. Schwengers defeated S. Patton—6-0, 6-2.

Capt. Wright defeated Capt. Williams—6-2, 6-1.

E. Langworthy defeated H. Leeming—6-2, 6-1.

C. P. Schwengers defeated Hollister—6-0, 6-4.

C. P. Schwengers defeated J. Bell—6-4.

T. Goward defeated B. Prior—6-1, 6-2.

A. T. Goward defeated E. Langworthy—7-5, 6-4.

The fixtures for today are:

2 p. m.—Court No. 1—Mrs. Cole and H. Pooley. Court No. 2—Miss Pitts and Mrs. Langley.

3 p. m.—Court No. 1—Miss Pooley and Miss Pitts. Court No. 2—Capt. Wright vs. C. P. Schwengers. Court No. 3—Miss Hedley and Mrs. White Fraser vs. Mrs. Cole and Mrs. Langley.

**Finals.**

4 p. m.—Court No. 1—A. T. Goward vs. P. Schwengers. Court No. 2—Capt. Wright and Miss Bell vs. Capt. Williams and Miss Pitts.

5 p. m.—Court No. 1—Capts. Wright and Williams vs. Schwengers and Macrae.

5:30 p. m.—Court No. 1—A. T. Goward and Lieut. Foll vs. R. H. Pooley and J. A. Rithet.

Court No. 2—Miss A. Bell vs. winners, Mrs. Langley and Miss Pitts.

**FOOTBALL.**

A meeting of the Victoria United Football club will be held in the Y. M. C. A. this evening to further discuss the proposed trip to Portland. A full audience is urgently requested.

**TURF.**

Races at Readville

Readville, Mass., Aug. 3.—California and New York met today at the Readville track and when the contest of speed ended the honors were awarded to the California team, which was the only one of the finest speed contests ever seen on any race course. Sweet Marie defeated Tierville two out of three heats, thereby winning for her owner a purse of \$5,000.

**THE RIFLE.**

Some Records Broken

Chicago, Aug. 3.—All records for marksmanship in the United States army were broken at Fort Sheridan today by Corporal Jos. C. Smith, colored.

Smith is a member of Company G, Twenty-fifth Infantry, Fort Reno, Oklahoma. He made a score of 181 out of a possible 200 in slow firing. In rapid fire shooting he made 97 out of a possible 100.

**PERSONALS.**

Miss Gallagher and Miss Forrest of Vancouver are in the city visiting Mrs. Alex. Duncan, 17 St. James street.

C. D. C. Crutchlow of Montreal is at the Driford.

Miss Janies, late of the Westside, accompanied by Miss Frances Fraser, left for California on the city of Phoenix. Miss John will visit the leading milling establishments of San Francisco and ascertain what the very latest in ladies fashions are. She will visit the various fairs in the sunny state.

Bonds were irregular. Total sales value \$2,044,000. U. S. 4's registered advanced 1-4 per cent. on call.

**Closing Prices.**

New York, Aug. 3.—Amal Copper 84%; Ann Loco 83%; Ann Sugar 142%; Ann Smelting 120%; Ann Car Fly 37%; Ann 115; Atch. St. B. & O. 114%; B. R. 69; B. & O. 115; B. & O. 116; B. & O. 117; C. & N. W. 214%; C. M. & St. L. 180%; C. S. 29%; D. & H. 195%; D. S. & A. 161%; pfnd 32%; J. C. 207%; L. & N. 174%; Mo. Pa. 100%; M. & St. L. 130%; Mo. Tr. 127%; N. Y. & H. 147%; N. Y. & H. 148%; N. Y. & H. 149%; N. Y. & H. 150%; N. Y. & H. 151%; N. Y. & H. 152%; N. Y. & H. 153%; N. Y. & H. 154%; N. Y. & H. 155%; N. Y. & H. 156%; N. Y. & H. 157%; N. Y. & H. 158%; N. Y. & H. 159%; N. Y. & H. 160%; N. Y. & H. 161%; N. Y. & H. 162%; N. Y. & H. 163%; N. Y. & H. 164%; N. Y. & H. 165%; N. Y. & H. 166%; N. Y. & H. 167%; N. Y. & H. 168%; N. Y. & H. 169%; N. Y. & H. 170%; N. Y. & H. 171%; N. Y. & H. 172%; N. Y. & H. 173%; N. Y. & H. 174%; N. Y. & H. 175%; N. Y. & H. 176%; N. Y. & H. 177%; N. Y. & H. 178%; N. Y. & H. 179%; N. Y. & H. 180%; N. Y. & H. 181%; N. Y. & H. 182%; N. Y. & H. 183%; N. Y. & H. 184%; N. Y. & H. 185%; N. Y. & H. 186%; N. Y. & H. 187%; N. Y. & H. 188%; N. Y. & H. 189%; N. Y. & H. 190%; N. Y. & H. 191%; N. Y. & H. 192%; N. Y. & H. 193%; N. Y. & H. 194%; N. Y. & H. 195%; N. Y. & H. 196%; N. Y. & H. 197%; N. Y. & H. 198%; N. Y. & H. 199%; N. Y. & H. 200%; N. Y. & H. 201%; N. Y. & H. 202%; N. Y. & H. 203%; N. Y. & H. 204%; N. Y. & H. 205%; N. Y. & H. 206%; N. Y. & H. 207%; N. Y. & H. 208%; N. Y. & H. 209%; N. Y. & H. 210%; N. Y. & H. 211%; N. Y. & H. 212%; N. Y. & H. 213%; N. Y. & H. 214%; N. Y. & H. 215%; N. Y. & H. 216%; N. Y. & H. 217%; N. Y. & H. 218%; N. Y. & H. 219%; N. Y. & H. 220%; N. Y. & H. 221%; N. Y. & H. 222%; N. Y. & H. 223%; N. Y. & H. 224%; N. Y. & H. 225%; N. Y. & H. 226%; N. Y. & H. 227%; N. Y. & H. 228%; N. Y. & H. 229%; N. Y. & H. 230%; N. Y. & H. 231%; N. Y. & H. 232%; N. Y. & H. 233%; N. Y. & H. 234%; N. Y. & H. 235%; N. Y. & H. 236%; N. Y. & H. 237%; N. Y. & H. 238%; N. Y. & H. 239%; N. Y. & H. 240%; N. Y. & H. 241%; N. Y. & H. 242%; N. Y. & H. 243%; N. Y. & H. 244%; N. Y. & H. 245%; N. Y. & H. 246%; N. Y. & H. 247%; N. Y. & H. 248%; N. Y. & H. 249%; N. Y. & H. 250%; N. Y. & H. 251%; N. Y. & H. 252%; N. Y. & H. 253%; N. Y. & H. 254%; N. Y. & H. 255%; N. Y. & H. 256%; N. Y. & H. 257%; N. Y. & H. 258%; N. Y. & H. 259%; N. Y. & H. 260%; N. Y. & H. 261%; N. Y. & H. 262%; N. Y. & H. 263%; N. Y. & H. 264%; N. Y. & H. 265%; N. Y. & H. 266%; N. Y. & H. 267%; N. Y. & H. 268%; N. Y. & H. 269%; N. Y. & H. 270%; N. Y. & H. 271%; N. Y. & H. 272%; N. Y. & H. 273%; N. Y. & H. 274%; N. Y. & H. 275%; N. Y. & H. 276%; N. Y. & H. 277%; N. Y. & H. 278%; N. Y. & H. 279%; N. Y. & H. 280%; N. Y. & H. 281%; N. Y. & H. 282%; N. Y. & H. 283%; N. Y. & H. 284%; N. Y. & H. 285%; N. Y. & H. 286%; N. Y. & H. 287%; N. Y. & H. 288%; N. Y.

# Golden Drop Plums

Finest local grown yellow jam plum. Only one shipment  
**4 CENTS PER POUND**

## Mowat's Grocery, 77 Yates Street

### Handy Telephone Galls

CABINET MAKERS

**1165**

J. LISTER, Carpenter and Builder. All kinds of Jobbing Work, Workshop and Residence, Tolmie Avenue. Phone .....

**1193**

MESSANGER.

MESSANGER OFFICE  
22 Trounce Avenue  
Prompt Delivery.  
**409**

PLUMBING

JOHN COLBERT, Plumbing,  
Heating and Sheet Metal  
Works. 4 Broad Street.  
**552**

REAL ESTATE

P. R. BROWN LTD.,  
For a Dwelling, Furnished  
or Unfurnished.  
**1076**

CARPET CLEANING

Carpet Cleaning, Sewing  
and Laying. J. F. SHARP,  
83 Douglas street. Redd's Tea  
Store, Crescent Block. Prices  
Reasonable.

**1120**

Real Estate  
**FOR SALE**

A. W. Bridgman

Phone No. 82.

41 Government St. Established 1858

SIX EXCELLENT BUILDING LOTS on  
Yates and Johnson, above Cook; assessed  
\$4,450; to be sacrificed at \$2,500.

PROSPECT LAKE—6 acres; extensive  
water front; cottage; stable; boathouse;  
large cedar bottom—\$30.00 per acre; very  
easy terms.

HEAD OF ARM—9 acres; extensive water  
frontage; some clearing; good well. \$750  
cash.

VIEW STREET, above Vancouver; full  
sized lot, deep loan; to close an estate;  
no reasonable offer refused.

SWAN LAKE—6 acres, all fenced, par-  
tially cultivated; black loam; living stream—  
\$1,000.

GLANFORD AVENUE—Ten acres in cul-  
tivation—\$1,000.

KINGSTON ST.—Seven roomed house;  
large lot; modern conveniences; stable—  
\$2,200.

VICTORIA WEST—Six roomed house; cost  
\$900, for \$450 cash.

SUPERIOR STREET—Pretty, modern  
bungalow, with large lot—\$4,200.

ROYAL OAK—241 acres, 15 in cultivation,  
4½ in bearing orchard; comfortable  
house; outbuildings; living stream; beau-  
tiful situation. Price on application.

FORT SIMPSON—Lots in first addition to  
Hudson's Bay Co.'s townsite—\$150 in-  
side; \$175 corners.

GOVERNMENT STREET—Suite of offices;  
excellent position for dentist or lawyer.

FOR RENT—Thirty houses in various  
parts of city—

MONEY TO LOAN, FIRE AND AC-  
CIDENT INSURANCE.

FOR SALE—Old established milk business

The Stuart Robertson  
Co., Ltd.

36 Broad Street

TO LET—8 room house, Superior street;  
two 7 room houses, Stanley avenue;  
every convenience.

FOR SALE—Good building lot, Kingston  
street. \$500.

FOR SALE—Two acre lot on St. Charles  
street; cheap.

FOR SALE—4 houses, close in, a bargain,  
for \$2,100.

FOR SALE—Two good houses, Stanley  
avenue, on easy terms. \$2,500 each.

MONEY TO LOAN ON MORTGAGE.

Pemberton & Son

Real Estate, Financial and Insurance  
Agents, 45 Fort Street, Victoria, B. C.

CHEAP, CHOICE BUILDING PROPE-  
RIES FOR SALE.

SOUTH TURNER ST.—Choice lot near  
the Dallas road. Price \$600.

SHOAL BAY—2 acres fronting on the sea.  
This is a beautiful building site and all  
good ground.

ELFORD ST.—Choice building lot. Price  
\$600.

FOUL BAY ROAD—1 acre choice land.  
\$600.

FOUL BAY—4 good lots, containing 2-3  
of an acre. Price \$300.

RITHET ST.—Choice building lot. Price  
\$600.

YATES ST.—Between Cook and Van-  
couver streets, 1 good lot, with lot fronting  
on Johnson street. Price moderate.

OAK BAY AVE.—1 acre of splendid  
ground, with good view. Price \$1,200.

MOSS ST.—Between Fairfield road and  
Richardson street; several choice lots  
on this street. Prices about \$600 each.

TO CLOSE ESTATE—Offers will be re-  
ceived up to noon Saturday, July 15,  
1905, for the purchase of two valuable  
water front lots, with buildings.  
MUST BE SOLD.

FOR SALE—Good business block on Yates  
street—returning good interest on the in-  
vestment.

ALSO Section 10 Esquimalt district—  
CHIAP.

FOR SALE CHEAP—Land within two miles  
of walk of Gore tramway terminus.  
In any quantity to suit intending pur-  
chasers.

FINE FIVE ACRE BLOCKS between  
Gorge and Burnside roads, on easy terms.  
Reduction made to first purchaser of  
land sold under new subdivision.

TO CLOSE ESTATE—Offers will be re-  
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MUST BE SOLD.

FOR SALE—Good business block on Yates  
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ALSO Section 10 Esquimalt district—  
CHIAP.

FIRE INSURANCE (Phoenix of London),  
MONEY TO LOAN.

## To Homeseekers

REAL ESTATE OFFICE,  
20 BASTION STREET.

I am now offering at reasonable prices,  
and to suit purchasers, some of the finest  
sites in Victoria, suitable for residential  
purposes; also acreage, good rich soil,  
ideal for fruit growing.

For further particulars apply to

JAS. A. DOUGLAS.

102 GOVERNMENT STREET.

GOOD LAND SUITABLE FOR FRUIT,  
1½ acres ..... \$1,000.  
1½ acres ..... 1,000.  
1½ acres ..... 1,000.  
1½ acres ..... 1,000.  
1½ acres ..... 1,000.

Several 8-13 acre pieces, 6 miles out, all  
good land; just the thing for fruit, and  
nice location.

Some CHOICE ACRE BLOCKS for sale;  
all good cultivated land.

CHOICE LOT AND A HALF on St.  
Charles street; size 95x103 ft., \$1,000.00.

150 ACRES, Salt Spring Island; 25 acres  
cleared, 30 acres fenced, good soil and  
chicken houses, three roomed dwelling,  
25 fruit trees, only \$700.

80 ACRES, Lake Victoria, 12 acres culti-  
vated, 20 acres cleared and planted, good soil,  
all fenced, 2 barns, chicken houses, cat-  
tle sheds, 5 roomed dwelling, 40 large  
fruit trees, including 5 horses, 25  
acres of cattle, implements and crop.

TWO LOTS—Connaught street, close to  
Gorge tram line, \$200 each.

WATER FRONT LOT—Brighton Bay. \$200

A large list of acreage close to city.

MONEY TO LOAN ON MORTGAGE.  
In amounts of \$500 and upwards, at cur-  
rent rates of interest.

Insure in the Connecticut Fire Insurance  
Company.

FOR SALE—5 acre blocks of fruit land in  
"North Dairy," "Strawberry Vale,"  
"Cedarside" and "Calgary Park" subdi-  
visions. Prices from \$25 to \$130  
per acre.

FOR SALE—House, 7 rooms, near Govern-  
ment buildings. Price \$2,200.

New issue of "Home and Farm" list just  
out. Send for Free Copy.

A. Williams & Co., Ltd

104 YATES STREET.

FOR SALE—140 acres, partly improved;  
\$1,500.

FOR SALE—50 acres, small orchard;  
\$1,250.

FOR SALE—5½ acres good land, all clear-  
ed and fenced (close in); \$850.

FOR SALE—13 acres, 5 cleared, with  
stock, good buildings, etc.; \$3,000.

FOR SALE—House, 6 rooms, in good order,  
with bath—\$750.

B.C. Land & Investment  
Agency Ltd.

40 GOVERNMENT STREET.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP

WANTED—Girls for Victoria Steam Laundry.

WANTED—Willing, strong girl no moth-  
er's help (city); knowledge of plain cook-  
ing, etc. Apply 60 Rae street.

WANTED—Young girl, 18 to 20, as house-  
maid; kind, considerate home. Apply 60  
Rae street.

WANTED—Experienced nursemaid (city);  
two children (2 and 4 years); good wages.  
Apply 60 Rae street.

WANTED—LADY SURVEYOR

WANTED—Large room, 15 Broad Street,  
Bookkeeping thoroughly taught; also  
shorthand and typewriting. E. A. Mac-  
millan, principal.

EDUCATIONAL

SHORTHAND SCHOOL—15 Broad Street,  
Bookkeeping thoroughly taught; also  
shorthand and typewriting. E. A. Mac-  
millan, principal.

LAND SURVEYORS.

GORE & MCGREGOR, Provincial and Do-  
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Bastion Square, Victoria. Tel. 501A. Jy15

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LAND SURVEYORS.

**ELFORD ST.****Choice Building Lots**

Several very choice lots on this road at very reasonable prices.

**PEMBERTON & SON**  
45 FORT STREET**PUMPS**

For every purpose—Steam, Electric, Triplex Power, Multistage-Centrifugal, Brewers' Pumps, etc. We carry the largest stock in British Columbia, and can give immediate delivery on standard sizes.

AIR-COMPRESSORS for any duty. Our Davenport type has special features which will interest you.

WATER-TUBE BOILERS—we manufacture the best.

STRUCTURAL IRONWORK.

ELECTRIC MOTORS, DYNAMOS, COMPLETE PLANTS. Electric Supplies of every description.

The Canadian General Electric Co., Ltd. and  
The Canada Foundry Co., Ltd.,

HEAD OFFICE AND WORKS: STEPHENS & HAWKINS,  
657-529 Granville St., Vancouver, B. C.  
PETERBORG. Fort St., Victoria, B. C.

TORONTO, ONT. Vancouver Island Selling Agents.

**NORTH SAANICH**

FOR SALE—The well known farm of "Coorheen" at North Saanich, about 20 miles from Victoria, the property of Mrs. Le Poer-Trench, consisting of 325 acres (more or less), with about 100 acres under cultivation. The property of this farm is unique with its attractive grounds and charming natural surroundings, commanding as it does an exceptionally fine panoramic view, with the distant Cowichan hills in the background. It has a frontage of nearly a mile on the salt water; there is an excellent orchard, and the barns and outbuildings are in good order. For further particulars apply to

**A. W. Jones, 28 Fort Street**

**Launch Supplies**

Sparking Dynamos, Wet, Dry and Storage Batteries, Spark Coils, Spark Plugs, Battery Testers, etc.

Prompt Shipments Our Specialty

**Hinton Electric Co.**

**INSURANCE****FIRE, LIFE, MARINE AND ACCIDENT**

Oldest and best companies, lowest rates and prompt settlements.

**Robt. Ward & Co., Ltd.** Temple Bldg., Victoria, B. C.

**\$1.25 Per Sack New Island Potatoes**

100 Pounds

SYLVESTER FEED CO., 87-89 YATES ST. Tel. 413

**Position****Of Tyee**

(Continued from Page One.)

Finally agreed to, the question as to dividend settled, and the draft directors' report submitted to the board, in which the retiring directors, Mr. Hodges and myself, were mentioned as offering ourselves for re-election, not a word was said against this particular paragraph, as it then stood. And you are doubtless aware, sir, Mr. Loeffler started the practice three years ago, that original directors have been in the habit of obtaining proxies in defense of the other shareholders. Now Mr. Haneke asked us what we intended doing as regards proxies on this occasion, and finally proposed to us that if they did not lodge proxies we should also agree not to do so. Under the circumstances, and not, therefore, anticipating any opposition from Mr. Loeffler, we agreed. Now, after this you can imagine our utter amazement when, on attending a board meeting on the following Tuesday, July 4th, summoned to pass the final prints of the report and accounts, and to fix the date of the meeting, we were told by the chairman that he had just had an interview with Mr. Haneke, in which this gentleman had announced Mr. Loeffler's decision to oppose our re-election and to nominate himself and Mr. Nicl Brown in our places. Mr. Nicl Brown, I may mention, parenthetically, has recently acquired his bare qualification. When I expostulated with Mr. Haneke, he was calmly told, "That is what the shares were bought for!" Having regard to the shortness of time at our disposal and to the fact that on a poll Mr. Loeffler could count a large number of votes in one hand, we found ourselves powerless to resist. I have stated the simple facts, and leave you to draw your own conclusions. But I wish to point out that, as Mr. Loeffler and his friends do not own half the shares, I fall entirely to see the justice of his annexing four seats out of five on the board, and leaving the chair man in a minority of one on the board to represent the majority of the shareholders. On the other hand, Mr. Hodges and myself, together with our immediate relatives, are by far the next largest shareholders, represented between us nearly 20,000 shares. In conclusion allow me to thank you on behalf of Mr. Hodges and myself, for the confidence you have so kindly placed in us in the past. We regret that the circumstances which I have detailed prevent our continuing to serve you. (Applause.)

**The Interim Dividend—A Protest**

Mr. Haneke: Mr. Livingstone has mentioned that we were working at the board in an amicable way but

that is far from the fact. As regards his remarks as to he and Mr. Hodges being forced off the board, I think ample notice was given to both gentlemen. No notice was required to be given to them, and we showed them consideration by letting them know beforehand. However, that is not the matter on which I wish to dwell. There are two points on which during the time I have been associated with the Tyee I have been as loggerheads with them. One is with regard to the interim dividend. When the Tyee first came into existence, the board made a big blunder and endangered the safety of the ship before it could be jettisoned. The Terje Viken is a steamer of 2,500 cases, and more tins were being awaited. On the Nas the two cannerys had each about 2,500 cases, Nama had about 6,000 and Bella Coola between 7,000 and 8,000 cases.

The steamer will sail north again on Saturday night.

**NEW COLLIER COMING.**

Terje Viken to Replace Lost Tricolor in Coal Trade.

The steamer Terje Viken, a new Norwegian freighter, has been chartered by the Terje Viken Company and will replace the steamer Tricolor, lost near Cape Mendocino, in the coal carrying trade between British Columbia coal ports and San Francisco. The steamer Germanicus has been taken up until the Terje Viken arrives from Newcastle via Shanghai. The Terje Viken, which went from the British Isles to New Zealand, had a hard trip on her last voyage between Dunedin, New Zealand, and Newcastle, N. S. W., when she was swept by heavy seas, which ignited 350 tons of carboid carried on the steamer's deck. This, with its fumous intensified the smoke which was carried on deck made a big blare and endangered the safety of the ship before it could be jettisoned. The Terje Viken is a steamer of 2,500 tons net. She is coming to this port via Shanghai from Newcastle.

**VESSELS ON WAY.**

Saxon Making Long Voyage—Trio of Vessels Bound From Hongkong.

The British ship Saxon, which is bringing a cargo of general merchandise from Liverpool for Victoria and Vancouver, is making a very long passage. She is now out 161 days for this port. The cargo ship was last spoken on March 29th in 16 south, 26 west. Three ships are headed for Royal Roads from Hongkong, all chartered to load lumber. The Combiebank, a large British ship of 2,179 tons, and the 1,621 British ship Sierra Lutina, left the British port in China at the same time, 36 days ago, and the 1,600-ton, \$850 tons, is following them. The German bark Nil Desperandum is coming from Sourabaya, Java, with a cargo of sugar for the Vancouver sugar refinery.

**SPOKANE SAILS.**

Excursion Steamer Left Yesterday for Alaskan Points.

The steamer Spokane, Capt. Carroll, was at the ocean dock for several hours yesterday, while her complement of tourists drove about the streets of the city. The steamer arrived from Seattle at 4 p. m. yesterday and sailed for the north at 9 p. m.

**BEFORE PRIVY COUNCIL.**

Appeal Case of C. P. R. Against the Chinese Government.

The case of the C. P. R. Company vs. the imperial Chinese government, an appeal from the decision of the Hongkong court, regarding the damage suit brought by the shipowner of the Chinese steamer Huang Tai, in the province of India, has been heard before the privy council, according to a cable received yesterday. Judgment was reserved.

Mr. L. B. Belyea appeared for the prosecution and Mr. Harold Robertson for the defense.

Mr. Shakespeare, Mr. Gould, a guest at the Dallas, and J. Paterson, of the Dallas, gave evidence. Mr. Shakespeare told of how Mr. Budden, a clerk at the Dallas, had come to him and stated that an Englishman living at the Dallas wanted to get a small present on credit to present to a young lady to whom he had become engaged.

Witness asked Budden to tell him to call, and Helder came, telling Shakespeare he expected the money from his mother.

He was urged to cable to her from his mother by March 17th. Subsequent purchases were made, the bill brought, and when March 15th arrived the money had not come. Soon afterward, when witness and Mr. Paterson pressed for a settlement of their accounts, Helder stated he was to get the money from a sister. He was urged to cable to her for the money, but stated this would spoil everything, as his sister would only send him the money conditional upon his good conduct. Subsequently Helder said he had managed to raise \$1,700 from friends in Vancouver, and Shakespeare loaned him \$100 for the purpose of sending a telegram to Vancouver. Ultimately, when the pressure continued, he cabled to his mother, who was at Westminster.

Mr. Belyea for the prosecution outlined the law with regard to false representations, stating there must be a false statement representing matters existing which do not exist, and in this

way he was arrested at New Westminster.

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Mr. Jackson seconded the motion, which was unanimously agreed to.

A vote of thanks was accorded to the chairman on the motion of Mr. L. Loeffler, and the proceedings terminated.

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Use telephone to Ladysmith.

Use telephone to Duncan.

Use telephone to Nanaimo.

Use telephone to Vancouver.

Use telephone to Seattle.

Use telephone to Victoria.

</div